INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AND DEVELOPMENT FUND
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS
DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.



REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

PWCR19000200

To the International Cooperation and Development Fund (TaiwanICDF)

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of the International Cooperation and Development Fund (TaiwanICDF) as at December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the related statements of comprehensive revenues and expenses, of changes in fund balances and of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the TaiwanICDF as at December 31, 2019 and 2018, and its results of operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the requirements of "Regulations Governing Accounting Handling and Preparation of Financial Reports of Foundations established and approved by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs", accounting policies of TaiwanICDF (including proposed revision), the relevant laws and regulations formulated by the central government, Enterprise Accounting Standards ("EAS") and related interpretations.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the "Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants" and generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China (ROC GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the TaiwanICDF in accordance with the Code of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountants in the Republic of China (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



Emphasis of matter-custodianship of certain assets

As described in Note 11 to the financial statements, certain assets were placed under the custodianship of TaiwanICDF at the request of the owners and these assets are not reflected in the financial statements. The details of these assets are disclosed for reference purposes only.

Responsibilities of management for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the requirements of "Regulations Governing Accounting Handling and Preparation of Financial Reports of Foundations established and approved by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs", accounting policies of TaiwanICDF (including proposed revision), the relevant laws and regulations formulated by the central government, "EAS" and related interpretations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the TaiwanICDF's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the TaiwanICDF or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ROC GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ROC GAAS, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:



- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the TaiwanICDF's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the TaiwanICDF's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the TaiwanICDF to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.



We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Chou, Hsiao-Tzu
For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan
March 27, 2020

The accompanying financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements and report of independent accountants are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AND DEVELOPMENT FUND BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018 (Expressed in New Taiwan dollars)

Carrent assets				2019		2018		
Cash and cash equivalents	ASSETS	Notes		AMOUNT	%		%	
Cash and cash equivalents	Current assets							
Other receivables		6(1)	\$	5 143 536 478	32	\$ 5 837 101 581	37	
Prepayments			4				_	
Held-to-maturity financial assets - current 6(3) 673,557,003 4 387,517,911 3 3 50 50,989,712 5 50,370,945 7 50,370,9					_		_	
Current pottion of long-term loans		6(3)			4		3	
Course portion of long-term loans receivable Coursel		· (-)					_	
Total current assets		6(5) and 9		50,707,721		30,370,713		
Total current assets		- (-)		234 351 596	2	225 907 652	2	
Available-for-sale financial assets-							43	
Available-for-sale financial assets - noncurrent Held-to-maturity financial assets - 6(3)				0,010,777,007		0,072,400,337		
Machiner		6(2)						
Held-to-maturity financial assets -		0(-)		42 561 050	_	_	_	
Noncurrent		6(3)		12,501,050				
Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent 6(6) and 9				3.728.205.446	23	4 029 621 436	25	
Long-term loans receivable 6(5) and 9 3,472,609,263 22 2,949,746,881 19 Total long-term loans and investment 9,532,719,280 59 9,040,785,435 57 7 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent	6(6) and 9						
Total long-term loans and investment				3,472,609,263				
Machinery and equipment	•	· /	***************************************					
Machinery and equipment 13,845,783 - 15,588,843 - Transportation equipment 1,183,337 - 1,374,255 - Miscellaneous equipment 1,792,710 - 2,195,578 - Leasehold improvements 737,448 - 886,495 - Other asses - 17,559,278 - 20,045,171 - Other asses - 319,344 - 327,657 - Deposits-out 319,344 - 9,157,957 - Deposits-out 6,670,949 - 9,157,957 - Total other assets 6,990,293 - 9,485,614 - Total other sasets 6(8) \$576,319,441 4 \$129,720,862 1 Payables 6(8) \$576,319,441 4 \$129,720,862 1 Collections payable 6(8) \$576,319,441 4 \$129,720,862 1 Other current liabilities 592,678,208 4 \$132,221,463 1 <th< th=""><th></th><th>6(7)</th><th></th><th>3,000,112,100</th><th></th><th></th><th></th></th<>		6(7)		3,000,112,100				
Tansportation equipment 1,183,337 - 1,374,255 - 1 - - - - - - - -		- (·)		13.845.783	_	15 588 843		
Net property, plant and equipment 1,792,710 - 2,195,578 - 1,2468,838,072 - 2,195,578 - 2,195,578 - 2,195,578 - 3,149,843,369 - 2,195,578 - 3,149,843,369 - 2,1468,141 - 2,1468,14					_			
Leasehold improvements					_		_	
Net property, plant and equipment 17,559,278 - 20,045,171 - Other assets 319,344 - 327,657 - Deposits-out 319,344 - 327,657 - Deferred expenses 6,670,949 - 9,157,957 - Total other assets 6,990,293 - 9,485,614 - TOTAL ASSETS \$16,168,045,918 100 \$15,762,796,777 100 LLABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES ** ** 10 \$15,762,796,777 100 Current liabilities 6(8) \$576,319,441 4 \$129,720,862 1 Collections payable 6(8) \$576,319,441 4 \$129,720,862 1 Collections payable 6(8) \$576,319,441 4 \$129,720,862 1 Cother current liabilities \$15,261,343 - 2,431,950 - Total current liabilities \$12,846,894 - \$11,893,873 - Total LiABILITIES \$6(10) \$12,4					_		_	
Other assets 319,344 - 327,657 - Deferred expenses 6,670,949 - 9,157,957 - Total other assets 6,990,223 - 9,485,614 - TOTAL ASSETS \$16,168,045,918 100 \$15,762,796,777 100 LABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES V V V V V \$1,097,424 - 9,485,614 - <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>17.559.278</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>_</th>				17.559.278			_	
Deferred expenses								
Deferred expenses	Deposits-out			319,344	_	327,657	_	
Total other assets					_		-	
TOTAL ASSETS			*					
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	TOTAL ASSETS		\$		100		100	
Current liabilities Payables 6(8) \$776,319,441 4 \$129,720,862 1 Collections payable 15,261,343 - 2,431,950 - Other current liabilities 1,097,424 - 68,651 - Total current liabilities 592,678,208 4 132,221,463 1 Other liabilities 12,846,894 - 11,893,873 - Total other liabilities 12,846,894 - 11,893,873 - Total other liabilities 6(605,525,102 4 144,115,336 1 Funds 6(10) Funds 6(10) 12,468,838,072 77 12,468,838,072 79 Accumulated earnings 6(11) 3,086,884,812 19 3,149,843,369 20 Adjustment for other fund balances 15,562,520,816 96 15,618,681,441 99 Other accumulated earnings 6(2) 6,797,932 - - - - - TO	LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Collections payable 15,261,343 - 2,431,950 - Other current liabilities 592,678,208 4 132,221,463 1 Other liabilities Other liabilities 12,846,894 - 11,893,873 - Total other liabilities 12,846,894 - 11,893,873 - Total LIABILITIES 605,525,102 4 144,115,336 1 Funds 6(10) 12,468,838,072 77 12,468,838,072 79 Accumulated earnings 6(11) 3,086,884,812 19 3,149,843,369 20 Adjustment for other fund balances 6(2) 6,797,932 - - - - Other accumulated earnings 6(2) 6,797,932 - - - - SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT 9 15,562,520,816 96 15,618,681,441 99 CONTRACT COMMITMENTS 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		••						
Collections payable 15,261,343 - 2,431,950 - Other current liabilities 592,678,208 4 132,221,463 1 Other liabilities Other liabilities 12,846,894 - 11,893,873 - Total other liabilities 12,846,894 - 11,893,873 - Total LIABILITIES 605,525,102 4 144,115,336 1 Funds 6(10) 12,468,838,072 77 12,468,838,072 79 Accumulated earnings 6(11) 3,086,884,812 19 3,149,843,369 20 Adjustment for other fund balances 6(2) 6,797,932 - - - - Other accumulated earnings 6(2) 6,797,932 - - - - SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT 9 15,562,520,816 96 15,618,681,441 99 CONTRACT COMMITMENTS 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Payables	6(8)	\$	576.319.441	4	\$ 129,720,862	1	
Other current liabilities 1,097,424 - 68,651 - Total current liabilities 592,678,208 4 132,221,463 1 Other liabilities 12,846,894 - 11,893,873 - Total other liabilities 12,846,894 - 11,893,873 - TOTAL LIABILITIES 605,525,102 4 144,115,336 1 Funds 6(10) 12,468,838,072 77 12,468,838,072 79 Accumulated earnings 6(11) 3,086,884,812 19 3,149,843,369 20 Adjustment for other fund balances 6(2) 6,797,932 - - - Other accumulated earnings 6(2) 6,797,932 - - - SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT 9 LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNISED 5 6 5 5 6 15,562,520,816 96 15,618,681,441 99 CONTRACT COMMITMENTS 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		` '	,		_		_	
Total current liabilities					-		_	
Other liabilities 12,846,894 - 11,893,873 - Total other liabilities 12,846,894 - 11,893,873 - TOTAL LIABILITIES 605,525,102 4 144,115,336 1 Funds 6(10) 5 12,468,838,072 77 12,468,838,072 79 Accumulated earnings 6(11) 3,086,884,812 19 3,149,843,369 20 Adjustment for other fund balances 6(2) 6,797,932 - - - - Other accumulated earnings 6(2) 6,797,932 - - - - TOTAL FUND BALANCES 15,562,520,816 96 15,618,681,441 99 SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT 9 1 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1	Total current liabilities		1		4		1	
Total other liabilities 12,846,894 - 11,893,873 - TOTAL LIABILITIES 605,525,102 4 144,115,336 1 Fund balances Funds 6(10) 12,468,838,072 77 12,468,838,072 79 Accumulated earnings 6(11) 3,086,884,812 19 3,149,843,369 20 Adjustment for other fund balances 6(2) 6,797,932 - - - - Other accumulated earnings 6(2) 6,797,932 - - - - SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT 9 15,562,520,816 96 15,618,681,441 99 SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS CONTRACT COMMIT	Other liabilities							
Total other liabilities 12,846,894 - 11,893,873 - TOTAL LIABILITIES 605,525,102 4 144,115,336 1 Fund balances Funds 6(10) 12,468,838,072 77 12,468,838,072 79 Accumulated earnings 6(11) 3,086,884,812 19 3,149,843,369 20 Adjustment for other fund balances 6(2) 6,797,932 - - - - Other accumulated earnings 6(2) 6,797,932 - - - - SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT 9 15,562,520,816 96 15,618,681,441 99 CONTRACT COMMITMENTS CONTRACT COMMITMEN	Other liabilities			12,846,894	_	11,893,873	-	
TOTAL LIABILITIES 605,525,102 4 144,115,336 1 Funds 6(10) 12,468,838,072 77 12,468,838,072 79 Accumulated earnings 6(11) 3,086,884,812 19 3,149,843,369 20 Adjustment for other fund balances 6(2) 6,797,932 - <th col<="" th=""><th>Total other liabilities</th><th></th><th></th><th>12,846,894</th><th></th><th></th><th></th></th>	<th>Total other liabilities</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>12,846,894</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>	Total other liabilities			12,846,894			
Funds 6(10) Funds 12,468,838,072 77 12,468,838,072 79 Accumulated earnings 6(11) 3,086,884,812 19 3,149,843,369 20 Adjustment for other fund balances 6(2) 6,797,932 - - - - Other accumulated earnings 6(2) 6,797,932 -	TOTAL LIABILITIES			605,525,102	4		1	
Funds 12,468,838,072 77 12,468,838,072 79 Accumulated earnings 6(11) Accumulated earnings 3,086,884,812 19 3,149,843,369 20 Adjustment for other fund balances Other accumulated earnings 6(2) 6,797,932 TOTAL FUND BALANCES 15,562,520,816 96 15,618,681,441 99 SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT 9 LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNISED CONTRACT COMMITMENTS TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND	Fund balances							
Accumulated earnings 6(11) Accumulated earnings 3,086,884,812 19 3,149,843,369 20 Adjustment for other fund balances Cother accumulated earnings 6(2) 6,797,932 - - - - TOTAL FUND BALANCES 15,562,520,816 96 15,618,681,441 99 SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT 9 LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNISED CONTRACT COMMITMENTS TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND	Funds	6(10)						
Accumulated earnings 3,086,884,812 19 3,149,843,369 20 Adjustment for other fund balances 6(2) 6,797,932 - - - - Other accumulated earnings 6(2) 15,562,520,816 96 15,618,681,441 99 SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT 9 LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNISED CONTRACT COMMITMENTS TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND	Funds]	12,468,838,072	77	12,468,838,072	79	
Adjustment for other fund balances Other accumulated earnings Other Accumul		6(11)						
Other accumulated earnings 6(2) 6,797,932 -				3,086,884,812	19	3,149,843,369	20	
TOTAL FUND BALANCES SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT 9 LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNISED CONTRACT COMMITMENTS TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND								
SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT 9 LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNISED CONTRACT COMMITMENTS TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND		6(2)				_	-	
SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT 9 LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNISED CONTRACT COMMITMENTS TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND				15,562,520,816	96	15,618,681,441	99	
CONTRACT COMMITMENTS TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND		9						
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND								
BALANCES \$ 16,168,045,918 100 \$ 15,762,796,777 100								
	BALANCES		\$	10,168,045,918	<u> 100</u>	\$ 15,762,796,777	100	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AND DEVELOPMENT FUND STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE REVENUES AND EXPENSES FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018

(Expressed in New Taiwan dollars)

		Year ended December 31 2019 2018										
74	NT-4			0/								
Items	Notes	····	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	<u>%</u>						
Operating revenues												
Revenues from banking and finance												
operations		\$	104,856,471	6 \$	68,900,868	5						
Revenues from contracted projects			1,584,913,379	94	1,256,977,175	95						
Total operating revenues		***************************************	1,689,769,850	100	1,325,878,043	100						
Operating expenses												
Humanitarian assistance expenses		(27,426,967)(2)(25,933,639)(2)						
Banking and finance operations		(23,893,193)(1)(36,869,369)(3)						
International human resources		(91,111,620)(5)(90,327,470)(7)						
Technical cooperation expenses		(33,229,251)(2)(38,307,495)(3)						
General and administrative expenses		(136,843,960)(8)(140,041,694)(10)						
Contracted project expenses	6(12)	(1,584,913,379)(94)(1,256,977,175)(95)						
Total operating expenses		(1,897,418,370)(112)(1,588,456,842)(120)						
Net operating losses		(207,648,520)(12)(262,578,799)(20)						
Non-operating income and gains												
Financial income	6(14)		164,028,506	10	178,534,282	14						
Other non-operating income	6(15)		9,762,869	-	12,450,458	1						
Total non-operating income and												
gains			173,791,375	10	190,984,740	15						
Non-operating expenses and losses												
Financial expenses		(28,815,453)(2)(31,651,654)(3)						
Other non-operating expenses		(285,959)	- (639,266)	_						
Total non-operating expenses												
and losses		(29,101,412)(2)(32,290,920)(3)						
Deficiency of revenues over expenses		(\$	62,958,557)(4)(\$	103,884,979)(
Other comprehensive income												
Unrealized valuation gains from	6(2)											
available-for-sale financial assets		\$	6,797,932	1 \$	-	_						
Total comprehensive losses		(\$	56,160,625)(103,884,979)(8)						

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AND DEVELOPMENT FUND STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018 (Expressed in New Taiwan dollars)

		Fu	Fund		Accumulated other comprehensive income	
	Notes	Founding fund	Endowment fund	Accumulated earnings	Unrealized valuation gains from available- for-sale financial assets	Total
<u>2018</u>						
Balance at January 1, 2018		\$ 11,614,338,576	\$ 854,499,496	\$ 3,253,728,348	€	\$ 15,722,566,420
Deficiency of revenues over expenses for 2018		1	1	(103,884,979)	ı	(103,884,979)
Balance at December 31, 2018		\$ 11,614,338,576	\$ 854,499,496	\$ 3,149,843,369	€\$	\$ 15,618,681,441
2019						
Balance at January 1, 2019		\$ 11,614,338,576	\$ 854,499,496	\$ 3,149,843,369	. ↔	\$ 15,618,681,441
Deficiency of revenues over expenses for 2019		1	ı	(62,958,557)	•	(62,958,557)
Other comprehensive income for 2019 6(6(2)	1			6,797,932	6,797,932
Balance at December 31, 2019		\$ 11,614,338,576	\$ 854,499,496	\$ 3,086,884,812	\$ 6,797,932	\$ 15,562,520,816

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AND DEVELOPMENT FUND

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018

(Expressed in New Taiwan dollars)

	Notes		2019		2018
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Loss before tax		/ ¢	60 050 557 \	/ ft	100 004 070
Adjustments		(\$	62,958,557)	(\$	103,884,979)
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)					
Depreciation	6(7)(13)		4,425,606		1 600 006
Amortization	6(13)		3,408,408		4,608,086
Reversal of allowance for bad debts	6(15)	(3,626,573)	(6,687,747 3,514,937)
Held-to-maturity financial assets - interest amortization	0(10)	(4,847,618	(3,629,616
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	6(7)		36,832		537,344
Financial assets carried at cost-impairment loss	6(6)		17,171,015		29,380,098
Changes in assets and liabilities	0(0)		17,171,015		29,300,090
Receivables			23,719,778	(11,596,973)
Prepayments		1	6,492,553)	(2,893,376
Other current assets		(6,618,776)		57,537,412
Accrued expenses		(1,910,074)		5,473,097
Other payables		(124,901,590		642,949
Collections payable			12,829,393		11,168
Other current liabilities			1,028,773		1,451
Other liabilities		(21,979)	(61,534)
Cash inflow (outflow) generated from operations		\ <u></u>	110,740,501	(7,656,079)
Net cash flows from (used in) operating activities			110,740,501	`——	7,656,079)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			110,740,301	(7,030,079
Increase in long-term lending	6(5)	(781,791,997)	,	482,233,940)
Proceeds from long-term loans receivable	6(5)	(254,119,016	(383,767,326
Increase in available-for-sale financial assets	6(2)	(35,763,118)		363,707,320
Increase in held-to-maturity financial assets	0(2)	((823,132,090)
Proceeds upon maturity of held-to-maturity financial		(301,702,434)	(023,132,090)
assets			588,104,999		355,686,545
Increase in financial assets carried at cost	6(6)	(252,280,000)		333,000,343
Decrease in financial assets carried at cost	6(6)	(7,182,582		3,274,860
Increase in fixed assets	6(7)	(1,976,545)	(4,406,102)
Decrease (increase) in deposits-out	3(,)	(8,313	(23,250)
Increase in deferred assets		(921,400)	(1,466,900)
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(805,280,604)	(568,533,551)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			003,200,004)	·	300,333,331)
Increase (decrease) in deposits-in			975,000	(2,508,500)
Net cash flows from (used in) financing activities			975,000		2,508,500)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents			693,565,103)	(578,698,130)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		(5,837,101,581	(6,415,799,711
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year		\$	5,143,536,478	Φ	
Caon and Caon equivalents at one of year		Ψ	5,145,550,4/8	\$	5,837,101,581

INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AND DEVELOPMENT FUND NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018

(Expressed in New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

1. HISTORY AND ORGANIZATION

In accordance with the Statute for the Establishment of the International Cooperation and Development Fund, promulgated by the President of the Republic of China, the International Cooperation and Development Fund (TaiwanICDF) was formed and approved by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs (MOFA) on June 29, 1996. TaiwanICDF was formed to succeed the International Economic Cooperation Development Fund (IECDF) management committee on June 30, 1996.

The mission of TaiwanICDF is to provide assistance to developing countries to promote economic growth, strengthening international cooperation, developing foreign relations with allies and friendly countries, and advancing social progress.

2. THE DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUANCE OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND PROCEDURES FOR AUTHORISATION

These financial statements were authorised for issuance by the Board of Directors on March 27, 2020.

3. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

None.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all reporting periods, unless otherwise stated.

(1) Compliance statement

The financial statements of the TaiwanICDF have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of "Regulations Governing Accounting Handling and Preparation of Financial Reports of Foundations established and approved by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs", accounting policies of TaiwanICDF (including proposed revision), the relevant laws and regulations formulated by the central government, Enterprise Accounting Standards ("EAS") and related interpretations.

The financial statements of 2019 are the first set of financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with the abovementioned regulations and standards. The financial statements of 2018 were reclassified in accordance with the classification requirements of the abovementioned regulations and standards. Please refer to Note 12 for details.

(2) Basis of preparation

Government funding are recognised as revenue at current expenses plus accrual reserved fund as total annual expenses based on matching of costs with revenues. Others are accounted at accrual basis. In addition, the financial statements of TaiwanICDF adopted accrual basis, anything accounted at cash basis will be adjusted to accrual basis during closing of accounts.

(3) Foreign currency translation

TaiwanICDF maintains its accounts in New Taiwan (NT) dollars. Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are converted into NT dollars at the spot exchange rates prevailing on the transaction dates. Deposits, receivables and the unreimbursed balance of reserves payable by the Central Bank of the Republic of China due to engaged programmes denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the spot exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange gains or losses are recognized in profit or loss. The other assets denominated in foreign currencies are measured at the historical exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

(4) Classification of current and non-current items

- A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise they are classified as non-current assets:
 - (a) Assets that are expected to be realised, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;
 - (c) Assets that are expected to be realised within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - (d) Cash or cash equivalents, excluding cash and cash equivalents that are restricted from being exchanged, used to settle liabilities for at least twelve months after the balance sheet date or restricted by other factors.
- B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities; otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities:
 - (a) Liabilities that are expected to be settled within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;
 - (c) Liabilities that are to be settled within twelve months after the balance sheet date;
 - (d) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be deferred unconditionally for at least twelve months after the balance sheet date.

(5) Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents refer to short-term, highly liquid time deposits or investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

(6) Allowance for uncollectible accounts

The provision of reserve for bad debts is made based on their risk levels in accordance with the Regulation for TaiwanICDF Dealings with Past Due/Non-Performing Loans and Bad Debts.

(7) Available-for-sale financial assets

- A. Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, available-for-sale financial assets are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. Available-for-sale financial assets are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial assets. These financial assets are subsequently remeasured and stated at fair value, and any changes in the fair value of these financial assets are recognised in other comprehensive income.

(8) Held-to-maturity financial assets

- A. Held-to-maturity financial assets are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity date that the TaiwanICDF has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity other than those designated as at fair value through profit or loss or as available-for-sale on initial recognition and those that meet the definition of loans and receivables.
- B. If the TaiwanICDF has sold or reclassified more than an insignificant amount of held-to-maturity investments before the maturity date during the current or the two preceding financial years, any financial assets should not be classified as held-to-maturity financial assets and all of its remaining held-to-maturity investments must be reclassified as available-for-sale
- C. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, held-to-maturity financial assets are recognised and derecognised using settlement date accounting.
- D. Financial assets are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial assets, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less impairment loss. Amortised interest of assets is recognised in profit or loss.

(9) Receivables

Retained money receivable on completed projects

Any unfunded projects that need to be included in the final accounts due to the government budget, or need to be approved to be retained until next year.

(10) Financial assets measured at cost

- A. Financial assets measured at cost are equity instruments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured or derivatives that are linked to and must be settled by delivery of such unquoted equity instrument
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets measured at cost are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. Financial assets measured at cost are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition and subsequently measured at cost.

(11) Impairment of financial assets

- A. The TaiwanICDF assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a 'loss event') and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.
- B. The criteria that the TaiwanICDF uses to determine whether there is objective evidence of an impairment loss is as follows:
 - (a) Significant financial difficulty of the issuer or debtor;
 - (b) A breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
 - (c) For economic or legal reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, granted the borrower a concession that a lender would not otherwise consider;
 - (d) It becomes probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation;
 - (e) The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties;

- (f) Observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows from a group of financial assets since the initial recognition of those assets, although the decrease cannot yet be identified with the individual financial asset in the group, including adverse changes in the payment status of borrowers in the group or national or local economic conditions that correlate with defaults on the assets in the group;
- (g) Information about significant changes with an adverse effect that have taken place in the technology, market, economic or legal environment in which the issuer operates, and indicates that the cost of the investment in the equity instrument may not be recovered;
- (h) A significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of an investment in an equity instrument below its cost.
- C. When the TaiwanICDF assesses that there has been objective evidence of impairment loss of financial assets, the amount of impairment loss is determined as follows according to the category of financial assets:
 - (a) Financial assets measured at amortised cost

The amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate, and is recognised in profit or loss. If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its amortised cost that would have been at the date of reversal had the impairment loss not been recognised previously. Impairment loss is recognised and reversed by adjusting the carrying amount of the asset through the use of an impairment allowance account.

(b) Financial assets measured at cost

The amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at current market return rate of similar financial asset, and is recognised in profit or loss. Impairment loss recognised for this category shall not be reversed subsequently. Impairment loss is recognised by adjusting the carrying amount of the asset through the use of an impairment allowance account.

(c) Available-for-sale financial assets

The amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's acquisition cost (less any principal repayment and amortisation) and current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognised in profit or loss, and is reclassified from 'other comprehensive income' to 'profit or loss'. If, in a subsequent period, the fair value of an investment in a debt instrument increases, and the increase can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, such impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss. Impairment loss of an investment in an equity instrument recognised in profit or loss shall not be reversed through profit or loss. Impairment loss is recognised and reversed by adjusting the carrying amount of the asset through the use of an impairment allowance account.

(12) Long-term loans receivable

Foreign currency loans are stated at historical exchange rates.

(13) Property, plant and equipment

- A. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Borrowing costs incurred during the construction period are capitalised.
- B. In case of replacement of one part of the property, plant and equipment, the new part is capitalised to the extent that it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the TaiwanICDF, and the carrying amount of the part replaced is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss when incurred.
- C. Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost model subsequently. Land is not depreciated. Other property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. Each part of an item of property, plant and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item is depreciated separately, unless it is impracticable. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Machinery and equipment $3 \sim 10$ yearsTransportation equipment $2 \sim 10$ yearsMiscellaneous equipment $3 \sim 10$ yearsLeasehold improvements5 years

D. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under EAS 4, 'Accounting policies, estimates and errors', from the date of the change.

(14) Impairment of non-financial assets

- A. The TaiwanICDF assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. The impairment loss on revalued assets is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of amount of unrealised revaluation surplus; excess is recognised in profit or loss, if any.
- B. Where the recoverable amount increases in subsequent period, the book value of the asset is adjusted to its recoverable amount. The carrying amount after reversal should not exceed its book value (less depreciation or amortisation amount) that would have been if the impairment had not been recognised. Reversal of impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss, but gain on reversal of impairment loss on revalued assets is recognised in profit or loss to the extent of impairment loss initially recognised in profit or loss; excess is recognised in other comprehensive income as unrealised revaluation surplus of the asset.

(15) Accounts payable

Retained money payable on completed projects

Any unfunded projects that need to be included in the final accounts due to the government budget or need to be approved to be retained until next year.

(16) Retirement plan

- A. TaiwanICDF had a non-contributory pension plan originally, covering all regular employees, which was defined by the Fund. TaiwanICDF contributed monthly an amount based on 7% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the retirement fund deposited with a financial institution. This fund balance was not reflected in the financial statements. Effective September 1, 2009, TaiwanICDF has established a funded defined contribution pension plan (the "New Plan") under the Labor Pension Act. Under the New Plan, TaiwanICDF contributes monthly an amount based on 7% of the payroll grades corresponding to the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. No further contributions are made to TaiwanICDF's retirement fund.
- B. Under the defined contribution pension plan, net periodic pension costs are recognized as incurred.

(17) Income tax

Income tax is accounted in accordance with the Standard for Non-profit Organizations Exempt from Income Tax promulgated by the Executive Yuan, and Statement of Financial Accounting Standards. Under- or over-provision of income tax in the previous year is accounted for as an adjustment of income tax expense in the current year.

(18) Revenues, costs and expenses

Revenues (including government donations) are recognized when the earning process is substantially completed and is realized or realizable. Costs and expenses are recognized as incurred.

5. <u>CRITICAL ESTIMATES AND KEY SOURCES OF ASSUMPTION UNCERTAINTY</u> None.

6. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS

(1) Cash and cash equivalents

	Decen	ıber	31,
	2019		2018
\$	110,000	\$	110,000
	973,596,983		178,021,866
	4,169,829,495		5,558,969,715
	-		100,000,000
\$	5,143,536,478	\$	5,837,101,581
_ De	cember 31, 2019	De	cember 31, 2018
\$	35,763,118	\$	-
	6,797,932		-
\$	42,561,050	\$	
		2019 \$ 110,000 973,596,983 4,169,829,495 \$ 5,143,536,478 December 31, 2019 \$ 35,763,118 6,797,932	\$ 110,000 \$ 973,596,983 4,169,829,495 \$ 5,143,536,478 \$ December 31, 2019 December

- A. The TaiwanICDF recognised \$6,797,932 in other comprehensive income for fair value changes.
- B. The fair values of investment in exchange traded funds are based on the closing price in market on balance sheet date.

(3) Held-to-maturity financial assets

		Decem	ber	31,
		2019		2018
Current items				
Corporate bonds	\$	673,557,003	\$	387,517,911
Non-current items			-	
Government bonds	\$	484,528,749	\$	281,932,870
Corporate bonds	<u> </u>	3,243,676,697		3,747,688,566
	\$	3,728,205,446	\$	4,029,621,436

The TaiwanICDF recognised interest income of \$102,597,024 and \$95,276,259 for the years ended December 31,2019 and 2018, respectively.

(4) Other receivables

		December	31,
		2019	2018
Interest receivable	\$	91,637,556 \$	101,992,541
Retained money receivable on completed projects		365,582,251	27,498,784
Other receivables		3,686	8,981,744
		457,223,493	138,473,069
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	(597,103) (590,331)
	\$	456,626,390 \$	137,882,738

(5) Long-term loans receivable

		Decem	ber	31,
		2019		2018
Current items				
Current portion of long-term loans receivable	\$	242,764,354	\$	234,429,930
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	(8,412,758)	(8,522,278)
Net	\$	234,351,596	\$	225,907,652
Non-current items				300
Long-term loans receivable		3,532,565,595		3,013,227,038
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	(59,956,332)	(63,480,157)
Net	\$	3,472,609,263	\$	2,949,746,881
Total	\$	3,706,960,859	\$	3,175,654,533

- A. TaiwanICDF provides long-term loans in accordance with the Regulations for Loans by the International Cooperation and Development Fund as approved by the Executive Yuan. As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the total outstanding loans denominated in U.S. dollars, Australia dollars and Euro dollars amounted to US\$62,461,384.36, AU\$20,227,983, € 34,012,905.09 and US\$60,104,801.31, AU\$20,227,983 and €20,837,674.52, respectively.
- B. Allowances for doubtful accounts were based on the Regulation for TaiwanICDF Dealings with Past Due/Non-Performing Loans and Bad Debts.

- C. As Parque Industrial Oriente S.A. (PIO) defaulted on the loan extended for the Industrial Park Development Project in Paraguay amounting to US\$11,003,488.32, TaiwanICDF filed a legal claim against PIO on September 1, 2003. The court in Ciudad del Este ruled in favor of TaiwanICDF in the first trial on March 26, 2004. PIO filed an appeal, which was rejected. Accordingly, it was proposed that the Industrial Park be auctioned off. Under TaiwanICDF's 51st board resolution, TaiwanICDF has agreed, under a term of 20 years, for MOFA to repay the remaining loan balance. Although the MOFA agreed to pay off the remaining balance annually for 3 years beginning 2012 on December 13, 2012, payments of only US\$3,293,162.77 and US\$400,000 were made in years 2012 and 2013, respectively. The MOFA stated in a letter dated on April 16, 2014 that there were no payments made by MOFA for year 2014 and installments would resume starting from 2015 through annual budgets, and a payment of US\$500,000 was made in year 2016 to 2019. As of December 31, 2019, the MOFA had repaid US\$8,293,162.77 and the remaining balance was US\$2,710,325.55.
- D. There was no significant past due loan as of December 31, 2019 and 2018.
- E. See Appendix 1 for the statement of changes in long-term loans for the year ended December 31, 2019.

(6) Financial assets measured at cost

As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the details of financial assets at cost are as follows:

		December 31,	2019		December 31,	2018
	Car	rying Amount		Carr	ying Amount	
		(NT\$)	Ownership		(NT\$)	Ownership
Equity investments accounted for using cost method: Overseas Investment &						
Development Corporation	\$	175,000,000	19.44%	\$	175,000,000	19.44%
Less: Accumulated Impairment	(6,000,000)		(6,000,000)	
DECL 1: D: . D		169,000,000			169,000,000	
BTS India Private Equity Fund Limited		113,333,733	6.80%		120,516,315	6.80%
_	(=US	\$ 3,640,112)		(=US\$	3,857,799)	
Less: Accumulated Impairment	(113,333,733)		(96,162,718)	
	(=US	\$ 3,640,112)		(=US\$	3,135,340) 24,353,597	
Taiwan's Agricultural Development Corporation		20,000,000	8.33%		20,000,000	8.33%
Less: Accumulated Impairment	(6,910,615)		(6,910,615)	
		13,089,385			13,089,385	
		182,089,385			206,442,982	

	December 31,	2019	December 31,	2018
	Carrying Amount		Carrying Amount	***************************************
	(NT\$)	Ownership	(NT\$)	Ownership
International institution investment				
fund:				
FIISF-Small Business Account-Phase III	1,174,490,000		922,210,000	
	(=US\$ 38,000,000)		(=US\$ 30,000,000)	
Agribusiness Account	474,630,000		474,630,000	
_	(=US\$ 15,000,000)		(=US\$ 15,000,000)	
Less: Accumulated Impairment	(18,165,864)		(18,165,864.00)	
	(=US\$ 591,433)		(=US\$ 591,433)	
	1,630,954,136		1,378,674,136	
EBRD Financial Intermediary				
and Private Enterprises	476,300,000		476,300,000	
Investment				
Special Fund- Agribusiness Account	(=US\$ 15,000,000)		(=US\$ 15,000,000)	
	2,107,254,136		1,854,974,136	
Total	\$ 2,289,343,521		\$ 2,061,417,118	

- A. TaiwanICDF and the European Bank for Reconstruction Development (EBRD) entered into a contribution agreement dated May 19, 2011 in respect of the Financial Intermediary and Private Enterprises Investment Special Fund (FIPEISF)-Small Business Account III (SBA III), as amended on April 19, 2017 and March 19, 2019, pursuant to which TaiwanICDF had committed US\$50,000,000. The contribution to SBA III is used to co-finance EBRD lending operations with financial intermediaries for on-lending to micro and small enterprises. TaiwanICDF's accumulated contribution amounted to US\$38,000,000 and US\$30,000,000 as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.
- B. TaiwanICDF and the Inter-American Development Bank (IDB) entered into an agreement dated March 27, 2006 in respect of the Specialized Financial Intermediary Development Fund (SFIDF), pursuant to which TaiwanICDF had committed US\$15,000,000. The contribution to the SFIDF is used to co-invest in, or co-finance well-performing microfinance institutions with the LAB of IDB Group. TaiwanICDF's accumulated contribution both amounted to US\$15,000,000 as of December 31, 2019 and 2018.
- C. TaiwanICDF and the EBRD entered into a contribution agreement dated November 18, 2015 in respect of the FIPEISF-Agribusiness Account (ABA), pursuant to which TaiwanICDF had committed US\$15,000,000. The contribution to the ABA is mainly used to co-finance EBRD lending operations for the private enterprises operating in agribusiness sector. TaiwanICDF's accumulated contribution both amounted to US\$15,000,000 as of December 31, 2019 and 2018.
- D. The above listed foreign currency investments projects are stated using the historical exchange rate.
- E. See Appendix 2 for the statement of changes in financial assets carried at cost for the year ended December 31, 2019.

(7) Property, plant and equipment

	Machinery							
	and	Tra	ansportation	Mi	iscellaneous]	Leasehold	
	equipment	е	quipment	e	quipment	im	provements	Total
At January 1, 2019								
Cost	\$37,035,686	\$	3,565,597	\$	5,251,345	\$	3,857,054	\$49,709,682
Accumulated	(21,446,843)	(2,191,342)	(3,055,767)	(2,970,559)	(29,664,511)
depreciation				-				
	\$15,588,843	\$	1,374,255	\$	2,195,578	\$	886,495	\$20,045,171
2019								
Opening net	\$ 15,588,843	\$	1,374,255	\$	2,195,578	\$	886,495	\$ 20,045,171
book amount	,		, ,		, ,		,	. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
as at January 1								
Additions	1,940,355		23,800		12,390		_	1,976,545
Disposals	(34,532)			(2,300)		_	(36,832)
Depreciation	(3,648,883)	(214,718)	•	412,958)	(149,047)	• , ,
charge		`		_		`		(
Closing net								
book amount as								
at December 31	\$13,845,783	\$	1,183,337	\$	1,792,710	\$	737,448	\$17,559,278
At December 31,								
2019								
Cost	\$38,839,514	\$	3,589,397	\$	5,247,635	\$	3,857,054	\$51,533,600
Accumulated	(24,993,731)		2,406,060)		3,454,925)	(3,119,606)	(33,974,322)
depreciation	(·		`_	-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	`	-,,,)	(25,571,522)
,51	\$13,845,783	\$	1,183,337	\$	1,792,710	\$	737,448	\$17,559,278

	Machinery							
	and	Tra	ansportation	M	iscellaneous		Leasehold	
	equipment	ϵ	quipment	€	quipment	im	provements	Total
At January 1, 2018								***************************************
Cost	\$35,492,832	\$	3,489,497	\$	5,234,553	\$	3,857,054	\$48,073,936
Accumulated	(_20,029,243)	(1,892,944)	(2,673,116)	(2,694,134)	(27,289,437)
depreciation								
	\$15,463,589	\$	1,596,553	\$	2,561,437	\$	1,162,920	\$20,784,499
<u>2018</u>								
Opening net	\$ 15,463,589	\$	1,596,553	\$	2,561,437	\$	1,162,920	\$ 20,784,499
book amount as at January 1								
Additions	4,239,760		96,000		70,342		_	4,406,102
Disposals	(525,104)	(3,316)	(8,874)		_	(537,294)
Depreciation charge	(3,589,402)	(314,982)	(427,277)	(276,425)	(4,608,086)
Closing net								
book amount as								
at December 31	\$15,588,843	\$	1,374,255	\$	2,195,628	\$	886,495	\$20,045,221
At December 31,								
2018								
Cost	\$37,035,686	\$	3,565,597	\$	5,251,345	\$	3,857,054	\$49,709,682
Accumulated	(21,446,843)	(2,191,342)	(3,055,767)	(2,970,559)	(_29,664,511)
depreciation								
	\$15,588,843	\$	1,374,255	\$	2,195,578	\$	886,495	\$20,045,171
Payables								

(8) Payables

	Decem	iber 3	1,
	 2019		2018
Accrued expenses	\$ 38,626,090	\$	40,536,164
Retained money payable on completed projects	393,134,342		69,527,279
Other payables	 144,559,009		19,657,419
	\$ 576,319,441	\$	129,720,862

(9) Retirement funds

- A. TaiwanICDF contributes monthly an amount based on seven percent of the employees' remuneration and deposits it with a financial institution. This fund balance is not reflected in the financial statements. The fund balance with financial institution were \$98,215,436 and \$97,437,497 as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.
- B. The details of employees' retirement funds allocated by TaiwanICDF are as follows:

	F	ecember 31,		
		2019	2018	
Balance at the beginning of the year	\$	97,437,497	\$	94,130,724
Interest income		985,119		980,565
Contribution during the year		2,340,000		2,326,208
Payments during the year	(2,547,180)		_
Balance at the end of the year	\$	98,215,436	\$	97,437,497

C. Effective September 1, 2009, TaiwanICDF has been the entity covered by the Labor Standards Law and has adopted the following two schemes:

Scheme A: the pension and severance obligation are settled and the settled amounts are transferred to TaiwanICDF's retirement fund deposited with the financial institution. The employees may claim pension benefits when they retire or reach 55 years old or upon their death.

Scheme B: the pension and severance obligation are not settled and the old pension plan is extended.

Accordingly, TaiwanICDF recognized an accrued pension reserve of \$16,014,156 for the excess of present value of pension benefits for the past and future service years under the old pension plan over the fair value of the pension fund at the measurement date, September 1, 2009 and contributed the amount to the account in 2010.

D. Effective September 1, 2009, TaiwanICDF has established a funded defined contribution pension plan (the "New Plan") under the Labor Pension Act. Under the New Plan, TaiwanICDF contributes monthly depending on the contribution grades an amount based on 7% of the payroll grades corresponding to the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The benefits accrued in the employees' individual pension accounts could be received in full or in monthly installments when the employees retire. The pension costs under the New Plan for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 amounted to \$9,292,906 and \$10,288,317, respectively.

(10) Funds

- A. The founding fund balance of \$11,614,338,576 (Total assets of \$11,634,131,427 less total liabilities of \$19,792,851) was derived from the closure of the IECDF management committee on June 30, 1996. In the official registration with the court, the total property value filed as \$11,634,131,427 was based on the closing balance of assets of the IECDF management committee. As of September 5, 2018, the total amount of the assets registered with TaiwanICDF was \$15,722,566,420.
- B. The donated fund of TaiwanICDF consisted of the following items:
 - (a) The amount of \$4,423,541 from MOFA's Committee of International Technical Cooperation (CITC) was consolidated in TaiwanICDF on July 1, 1997.
 - (b) The amount of \$600,000,000 was donated by the MOFA on January 16, 1999.
 - (c) The MOFA provided the amount of \$250,075,955 on December 31, 2001 under the Regulation for TaiwanICDF in Providing Guarantee for Credit Facilities Extended to Private Enterprises Which Invest in Countries with Formal Diplomatic Relationships.

7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(1) Name of subsidiaries and the relationship with the TaiwanICDF

Name of related party Relationship with the TaiwanICDF TaiwanICDF is an entity of

Ministry of Foreign Affairs

government relations under its control

(2) Revenues from contracted projects are the subsidy received from the contracted projects of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs.

8. PLEDGED ASSETS

None.

9. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNISED CONTRACT **COMMITMENTS**

- (1) Pursuant to the Regulations for Loans by the International Cooperation and Development Fund, the loan amount in U.S. dollars under the loan agreements entered into by TaiwanICDF amounted to US\$193,932,578.92 and US\$194,474,578.92 as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The total amount of loans drawn down amounted to US\$141,666,954.36 and US\$141,274,789.48, and the undisbursed committed balance amounted to US\$52,265,624.56 and US\$53,199,789.44 as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. Additionally, the loan amount in Euro dollars amounted to € 56,553,755.54 as of December 31, 2019 and 2018. The total amount of loans drawn down amounted to $\in 34,012,905.09$ and $\in 20,837,674.52$, and the undisbursed committed balance amounted to \in 22,540,850.45 and \in 35,716,081.02 as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. Moreover, the loan amount in Australia dollars amounted to AU\$20,227,983.00 as of December 31, 2019 and 2018. The total amount of loans drawn down amounted to AU\$20,227,983.00, and the undisbursed committed balance amounted to AU\$0 as of December 31, 2019 and 2018.
- (2) Pursuant to the Regulations for Investments by the International Cooperation and Development Fund, the committed amounts denominated in U.S. dollars under the outstanding contracts entered into by TaiwanICDF amounted to US\$105,000,000 and US\$65,000,000, of which US\$72,215,985 and US\$64,215,985 had been invested as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The recalled amount of the investments are US\$784,015 and US\$0 as of December 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The undisbursed committed balance amounted to US\$32,000,000 and US\$0 as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. Additionally, the committed amounts denominated in NT dollars under the outstanding investment agreement entered into by TaiwanICDF has been fully disbursed, with the balance of NT\$195,000,000 as of December 31, 2019 and 2018. The undisbursed committed balance amounted to NT\$0 as of December 31, 2019 and 2018.
- (3) TaiwanICDF had entered into a lease agreement with the MOFA to lease state-owned real estate properties. As per the lease agreement, the lease period is from October 1, 2015 to September 30, 2020 with the rents charged on a monthly basis. The rents are calculated
 - A. Land: 3% of the most recent official land price per square meter multiplied by the rental area and divided by 12.
 - B. Building: 10% of the current taxable building value divided by 12.
- 10. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER BALANCE SHEET DATE

None.

(11) Accumulated earnings

TaiwanICDF is registered as a consortium juridical person with the aim of strengthening international cooperation and enhancing foreign relations by promoting economic development, social progress and the welfare of the people in partner nations around the world. As TaiwanICDF is a non-profit organization, distribution of income is not permitted in accordance with its Articles of Association.

(12) Contracted project expenses

		For the years end	led I	December 31,
		2019		2018
Personnel expenses	\$	414,721,426	\$	424,192,427
Operating expenses		1,001,838,803		681,147,464
Travel and transportation expense		47,628,097		45,240,798
Equipment investment expense		120,725,053	***************************************	106,396,486
	<u>\$</u>	1,584,913,379	\$	1,256,977,175

(13) Personnel expenses, depreciation and amortization

]	For the years ended December 31,						
		2019		2018				
Personnel expenses(Note)								
Salaries	\$	126,276,003	\$	126,523,918				
Labor and health insurance		11,041,800		11,025,998				
Pension		9,292,906		10,288,317				
Others		5,305,273	***************************************	5,326,113				
	<u>\$</u>	151,915,982	\$	153,164,346				
Depreciation	\$	4,425,606	\$	4,608,086				
Amortization	\$	3,408,408	\$	6,687,747				

(14) Financial income

	3	for the years end	ied D	ecember 31,
		2019		2018
Interest income	\$	163,884,306	\$	178,534,282
Investment income-non-operating		144,200		-
	\$	164,028,506	\$	178,534,282

(15) Other non-operating income

	For the years ended December 3.				
		2019		2018	
Reversal of allowance for doubtful accounts	\$	3,626,573	\$	3,514,937	
Subsidy and donation income		478,815		4,534,050	
Others		5,657,481		4,401,471	
	\$	9,762,869	\$	12,450,458	

(16) Income tax

Activities and related expenses of TaiwanICDF are in compliance with "Standard for Non-profit Organizations Exempt from Income Tax". Accordingly, TaiwanICDF is exempt from income tax. The income tax returns through 2017 have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority.

11. PROPERTIES UNDER CUSTODIANSHIP

- (1) The government has placed certain assets under TaiwanICDF's custodianship and management. These properties are entered into memo accounts: "Properties under Custodianship" and "Custodianship Property Payable".
 - The properties under custodianship were accounted for at cost. Expenditures for major procurement, renewals and improvements were debited to "Properties under Custodianship" and credited to "Custodianship Property Payable". Moreover, the repairs and maintenance expenditures shall be treated as revenues and expenditures of these projects. Upon disposal, the cost was deducted from the book amount. As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the book value of fixed assets under custodianship was \$250,532,404 and \$305,170,397, respectively. In addition, as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the reserve for severance pay for personnel stationed abroad in charge of the government's assignments, which were administered by TaiwanICDF on behalf of government and for contracted assistants of TaiwanICDF amounted to \$29,283,318 and \$32,122,207, respectively.
- (2) The MOFA has engaged TaiwanICDF to manage the Central American Economic Development Fund (ROC-CAEDF). As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the total amount of ROC-CAEDF was \$7,904,129,198 and \$7,940,072,590, respectively, and the details of the financial assets of the ROC-CAEDF are as follows:

	December 31, 2019						
	US\$	NT\$					
Demand deposits	\$ 1,414,790.73	\$ 42,415,426					
Time deposits	237,416,825.69	7,123,736,435					
Interest receivable	4,765,651.76	142,874,240					
Prepaid expenses	282,510.94	8,615,171					
Corporate bonds	19,177,876.71	586,487,926					
	\$ 263,057,655.83	\$ 7,904,129,198					

	December 31, 2018						
		US\$		NT\$			
Demand deposits	\$	1,305,714.00	\$	40,105,005			
Time deposits	2	240,411,254.28		7,384,231,673			
Interest receivable		4,474,955.08		137,446,743			
Prepaid expenses		225,468.91		6,953,461			
Corporate bonds		12,137,425.66	,,,,,,	371,335,708			
	\$ 2	258,554,817.93	\$	7,940,072,590			

12. INITIAL APPLICATION OF EAS

The financial statements of 2019 are the first set of financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of "Regulations Governing Accounting Handling and Preparation of Financial Reports of Foundations established and approved by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs", accounting policies of TaiwanICDF (including proposed revision), the relevant laws and regulations formulated by the central government, EAS and related interpretations. The financial statements of 2018 were reclassified in accordance with the classification requirements of the abovementioned regulations and standards. Information relating to reclassification is as follows:

(1) <u>Significant reclassification adjustments for the balance sheets for the year ended</u> December 31, 2018.

			"Regulations Governing Accounting Handling and Preparation of Financial Reports of Foundations established and approved by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs", accounting policies of TaiwanICDF (including proposed revision), the relevant laws and regulations formulated by	
	Previous R.O.C	Effect of	the central government, EAS	
_	GAAP	transition	and related interpretations.	Remark
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,837,101,581	-	\$ 5,837,101,581	
Other receivables	137,882,738	-	137,882,738	
Prepayments	53,699,730	-	53,699,730	
Held-to-maturity financial assets - current	387,517,911	-	387,517,911	
Other current assets	50,370,945	-	50,370,945	
Current portion of long-term				
loans receivable	225,907,652		225,907,652	
Total current assets	6,692,480,557		6,692,480,557	
Long-term loans				
and investments				
Available-for-sale financial	_	_		
assets - noncurrent			-	
Held-to-maturity financial assets - noncurrent	4,029,621,436	_	4,029,621,436	
Financial assets carried				
at cost - noncurrent	2,061,417,118	-	2,061,417,118	
Long-term loans				
receivable	2,949,746,881	_	2,949,746,881	
Total Long-term loans		******		
and investments	9,040,785,435	PRESIDENCE AND ADMINISTRATION OF THE PRESIDENCE	9,040,785,435	

Previous R.O.C GAAP	Effect of transition	"Regulations Governing Accounting Handling and Preparation of Financial Reports of Foundations established and approved by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs", accounting policies of TaiwanICDF (including proposed revision), the relevant laws and regulations formulated by the central government, EAS and related interpretations.	Remark
Fixed assets			
Cost 49,709,682 (49,709,682)	-	(3)A.
Less:Accumulated depreciation (29,664,511)	29,664,511		(3)A.
Net fixed assets 20,045,171 (_	20,045,171)		
Property, plant		•	
and equipment			
Machinery and equipment -	15,588,843	15,588,843	(3)A.
Transportation equipment -	1,374,255	1,374,255	(3)A.
Miscellaneous equipment -	2,195,578	2,195,578	(3)A.
Leasehold improvements	886,495	886,495	(3)A.
Net property, plant	20,045,171	20,045,171	
and equipment			
Other assets	•	Ф 207.657	
Deposits-out \$ 327,657 \$	-	\$ 327,657	
Defered expenses 9,157,957 Total other assets 9,485,614		9,157,957 9,485,614	
Total assets 9,463,614 \$ 15,762,796,777 \$		\$ 15,762,796,777	
Current liabilities	,	13,702,770,777	
Payables 129,720,862	_	129,720,862	
Collections payable 2,431,950		2,431,950	
Other current liabilities 68,651	_	68,651	
Total current liabilities 132,221,463	_	132,221,463	
Other liabilities			
Deposits-in 11,762,000 (11,762,000)	-	(3)B.
Deposits payable 131,873 (131,873)		(3)B.
Other liabilities -	11,893,873	11,893,873	(3)B.
Total other liabilities 11,893,873		11,893,873	` /
Total liabilities 144,115,336	_	144,115,336	
Fund balances			
Funds			
Funds 12,468,838,072	-	12,468,838,072	
Accumulated earnings			
Accumulated earnings 3,149,843,369		3,149,843,369	
Total fund balances 15,618,681,441	ė	15,618,681,441	
Total liabilities and \$ 15,762,796,777	-	\$ 15,762,796,777	
fund balances		- 10,100,110,111	

(2) <u>Significant reclassification adjustments for the statements of comprehensive revenues and expenses for the year ended December 31, 2018.</u>

	I	Previous R.O.C GAAP		Effect of transition	Accour Prepara Report establis the Mis Affairs of Taiv propos relevan regulat the cen	ations Governing inting Handling and ation of Financial is of Foundations shed and approved by inistry of Foreign initry, accounting policies initry of Foreign initry, accounting policies in accounting poli	Remark
Operating revenues							
Revenues from banking and finance operations Revenues from	\$	1,256,977,175	\$	_	\$	1,256,977,175	
contracted projects		68,900,868		_		68,900,868	
Total operating revenues		1,325,878,043	******			1,325,878,043	
Operating expenses		2,525,670,015	_			1,323,070,043	
Humanitarian assistance expenses	(25,933,639)			(25,933,639)	
Banking and finance operations	(36,869,369)		-	(36,869,369)	
International human resources	(90,327,470)		-	(90,327,470)	
Technical cooperation expenses	(38,307,495)		-	(38,307,495)	
General and administrative expenses Contracted project	(140,041,694)			(140,041,694)	
expenses	(1,256,977,175)		_	(1,256,977,175)	
•	(-				
Total operating expenses	(1,588,456,842)			(1,588,456,842)	
Net operating losses	(\$	262,578,799)	\$	-	(\$	262,578,799)	

	Previous R.O.C GAAP	Effect of transition	"Regulations Governing Accounting Handling and Preparation of Financial Reports of Foundations established and approved by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs", accounting policies of TaiwanICDF (including proposed revision), the relevant laws and regulations formulated by the central government, EAS and related interpretations.	Remark
Non-operating				
income and gains				
Interest on fund investments	178,534,282	(178,534,282)	_	(3)C.
Other revenues	12,450,458	(12,450,458)	_	(3)D.
Financial income	, , , -	178,534,282	178,534,282	(3)C.
Other non-operating income	-	12,450,458	12,450,458	(3)D.
Total non-operating	100.001.710			(-)
income and gains	190,984,740	-	190,984,740	
Non-operating				
expenses and losses				
Loss on disposal of fixed	(505.0.1.1)	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		(4)
assets	(537,344)	537,344	-	(3)E.
Exchange losses	(31,651,654)	31,651,654	-	(3)F.
Other expenses	(101,922)	101,922	-	(3)E.
Financial expenses	-	(31,651,654)	(31,651,654)	(3)F.
Other non-operating expenses	_	(639,266)	(639,266)	(3)E.
Total non-operating	(32,290,920)	_	(32,290,920)	•
expenses and losses	(32,250,520)	
Deficiency of				
revenues over	(¢ 102 004 070)	C	(P 102 994 070)	
expenses	(\$ 103,884,979)	\$ -	(\$ 103,884,979)	

(3) Reasons for reconciliation are outlined below:

- A. In accordance with the requirements of "Regulations Governing Accounting Handling and Preparation of Financial Reports of Foundations established and approved by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs" and accounting policies of TaiwanICDF (including proposed revision) revised in 2019, "Fixed assets" was reclassified to "Property, plant and equipment" and shown in the balance sheet.
- B. In accordance with the requirements of "Regulations Governing Accounting Handling and Preparation of Financial Reports of Foundations established and approved by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs" and accounting policies of TaiwanICDF (including proposed revision) revised in 2019, "Deposits-in" and "Deposits payable" were combined in "Other liabilities."
- C. In accordance with the requirements of "Regulations Governing Accounting Handling and Preparation of Financial Reports of Foundations established and approved by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs" and accounting policies of TaiwanICDF (including proposed revision) revised in 2019, "Interest on fund investments" was shown in "Financial income."

- D. In accordance with the requirements of "Regulations Governing Accounting Handling and Preparation of Financial Reports of Foundations established and approved by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs" and accounting policies of TaiwanICDF (including proposed revision) revised in 2019, "Other revenues" was shown in "Other non-operating income."
- E. In accordance with the requirements of "Regulations Governing Accounting Handling and Preparation of Financial Reports of Foundations established and approved by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs" and accounting policies of TaiwanICDF (including proposed revision) revised in 2019, "Loss on disposal of fixed assets" and "Other expenses" were shown in "Other non-operating expenses."
- F. In accordance with the requirements of "Regulations Governing Accounting Handling and Preparation of Financial Reports of Foundations established and approved by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs" and accounting policies of TaiwanICDF (including proposed revision) revised in 2019, "Exchange losses" was shown in "Financial expenses."

Appendix 1

International Cooperation and Development Fund
Statement of Changes in Long-term Loans
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

(Expressed in NT\$)

		Increase in	Collection of	J(
Item	Beginning Balance	long-term loans	long-term loans	, 	Ending Balance	Collection Term
Industrial Park Development Project in Paraguay, reimbursed by the	\$ 108,945,861	•	\$ 17,257,850	,850 \$		91,688,011 May. 2010~May. 2029 (Note)
guarantor, MOFA						
Quimistan Valley Irrigation Project in Honduras	53,750,210	1	17,960,552	,552	35,789,658	35,789,658 Nov. 2005 ~ Nov. 2021
Housing Solidarity Reconstruction Program in Honduras	46,200,000	1	9,240,000	000,	36,960,000	36,960,000 May. 2004 ~ Nov. 2023
Phase I Solidarity Reconstruction Program in Nicaragua	54,195,045	ı	9,920,790	,790	44,274,255	$44,274,255$ Jul. $2004 \sim \text{Jan.}\ 2024$
Phase II Housing Solidarity Reconstruction Program in Nicaragua	56,996,172	1	8,185,124	,124	48,811,048	$48,811,048$ Mar. $2006 \sim \text{Sep. } 2025$
Guatemala Rio Polochic Region Recovery Program	34,814,759	1	6,927,300	300	27,887,459	$27,887,459$ Jul. $2004 \sim \text{Jan.} 2024$
Technical Education Project in Guatemala	61,020,890	1	17,434,540	,540	43,586,350	43,586,350 Aug. 2007 ~ Feb. 2022
Housing Solidarity Reconstruction Program in El Salvador	36,509,026	1	6,526,220	,220	29,982,806	29,982,806 Nov. 2004 ~ May. 2024
Program for Environmental Pollution Control in Critical Areas in El Salvador	42,836,966	ı	17,587,817	,817	25,249,149	25,249,149 Nov. 2006 ~ May. 2021
Belize Tourism Development Project / Caracol road	31,564,807	1	4,134,262	297	27,430,545	$27,430,545$ Nov. $2005 \sim May$. 2026
Belize Southern Highway Rehabilitation Project	10,823,938	ı	10,823,938	938	ı	Aug. $2003 \sim \text{Feb. } 2019$
Program for Modernizing the National Congress and the Office of the Comptroller General in Dominican Republic	48,409,407	ı	6,367,176	,176	42,042,231	42,042,231 Nov. 2004 ~May. 2026
Drinking Water Distribution Project in Petion-Ville-Lot I in Haiti	21,963,319	ı	1,914,610	,610	20,048,709	$20,048,709$ May. $2007 \sim Nov. 2029$
Rural Credit Project in Burkina Faso	21,683,974	1	4,786,116	116	16,897,858	$16,897,858$ Nov. $2005 \sim May$. 2023
Microfinancing and Capacity Building Project in the Gambia	6,939,832	1	1,601,499	466	5,338,333	$5,338,333$ Mar. $2010 \sim \text{Sep. } 2024$
Agricultural Production Reactivation Phase II in Nicaragua	86,035,055	1	8,781,860	098	77,253,195	77,253,195 Mar. $2011 \sim \text{Sep. } 2028$
Lower Usuthu Smallholder Irrigation Project in Eswatini	66,727,560	•	8,897,008	800	57,830,552	$57,830,552$ Jul. $2009 \sim \text{Jan.}\ 2026$

Appendix 1

(Expressed in NT\$)

International Cooperation and Development Fund Statement of Changes in Long-term Loans For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

,322,385,017 The period depends on the Collection Term 81,320,251 Sep. 2014 ~ Mar. 2031 100,883,783 May. 2012~Nov. 2029 213,398,926 Nov. 2014~May. 2032 88,617,910 Mar. 2018 ~ Sep. 2031 30,840,000 Nov. 2021~May. 2031 489,421,455 Sep. 2021~Mar.2044 41,607,145 Jan. 2014~Jul. 2020 31,120,770 Jan. 2015~Jul. 2024 540,920,010 Jul. 2021~Jan. 2030 85,298,570 Jul. 2019~Jan. 2026 43,853,953 Jan. 2016~Jul. 2031 Jan. 2020~Jul. 2029 sub-projects. 74,592,000 (060,698,89 Ending Balance 3,775,329,949 3,706,960,859 7,439,598 15,684,818 4,626,060 6,561,430 254,119,016 3,684,962 10,088,380 11,607,142 6,079,964 long-term loans Collection of 54,691,993 459,288,538 193,219,466 74,592,000 781,791,997 long-term loans Increase in 88,759,849 72,002,435) Beginning Balance 47,538,915 229,083,744 37,200,734 38,551,977 347,700,544 3,247,656,968 10,972,163 83,214,287 189,421,455 363,096,479 30,840,000 91,860,000 3,175,654,533 CABEI's Special Fund for the Social Transformation of Central America Belize City House of Culture and the Downtown Rejuvenation Project The Home Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy Project In The Faiwan ICDF-CABEI Technological and Vocational Education and echnical and Vocational Education and Training Project in the CABEI's Special Fund for the Social Transformation of Central Repair and Upgrade of Bonriki International Airport (Kiribati) CABEI SMME Re-lending Project--Phase II Integral Microfinance Project (El Salvador) Information Technology School Project Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts Tuvalu Convention Centre at Funafuti Republic Of The Marshall Islands The Green Energy Special Fund National Broadband Plan America Phase II

Note: Although the MOFA agreed to pay off the remaining balance annually for 3 years beginning 2012 on December 13, 2012, payments of only US\$3,293,162.77 and US\$400,000 were made in years 2012 and 2013, respectively. There were no payments made by MOFA for year 2014. The MOFA stated in a letter dated on April 16, 2014 that there were no payments made by MOFA for year 2014 and installments would resume starting from 2015 through annual budgets, and a payment of US\$500,000 was made in year 2016 to 2019. As of December 31, 2019, the MOFA had repaid US\$8,293,162.77 and the remaining balance was US\$2,710,325.55. (Expressed in NT\$)

International Cooperation and Development Fund
Statement of Changes in Fixed Assets
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

(Note			None				None			None					None	None			None			
(AIN IN POSSOIDAN)		Balance	Carrying Amount			175,000,000 None		(000,000)	169,000,000	113,333,733	113,333,733)	1	20,000,000 None	6,910,615)	13,089,385	182,089,385		474,630,000	1,174,490,000	18,165,864)	1,630,954,136	476,300,000	2,107,254,136	2,289,343,521	
		Ending Balance	Ownership Ca			19.44% \$		J		6.80%			8.33%	ال						J	ļ			€\$	
Decresses in Long-term	n Loug-toun	Investments	Carrying Amount					ı	1	7,182,582	1	7,182,582	ı	3	2	7,182,582		1	ı	1	l	1	J	7,182,582	
Decree	Decicase	Inve	Ownership (\$ 1		ſ	ı		1			l	1	I				ļ	ı	į	I	⇔ ∥	
Acquisition of Long-term	ti oi Loug-will	Investments	Carrying Amount			•		1	1	1	(17,171,015)	(17,171,015)	ł	1	1	(17,171,015)		1	252,280,000	1	252,280,000		252,280,000	\$ 235,108,985	2~
Aconisitio	onvernbov.	Inv	Ownership			ı																			~32~
		g Balance	Carrying Amount			175,000,000		6,000,000)	169,000,000	120,516,315	96,162,718)	24,353,597	20,000,000	6,910,615)	13,089,385	206,442,982		474,630,000	922,210,000	18,165,864)	1,378,674,136	476,300,000	1,854,974,136	2,061,417,118	
		Beginning Balance	Ownership C			19.44% \$		J	Taxabaran Taxaba	%08.9		- Turning	8.33%			Riversities					Augustianis			\$	
				Equity investments accounted for using	thod:	Overseas Investment & Development	Corporation	Less: Accumulated impairment		BTS Private Equity Fund in India	Less: Accumulated impairment		Taiwan's Agricultural Development Corporation	Less: Accumulated impairment			International Institution Investment Fund:	Agribusiness Account	FIISF-Small Business Account-Phase III	Less: Accumulated impairment		Financial Intermediary Development Fund			
				Equity	cost method:	Over	Cor	Less		BTS	Less		Taiwa Corp	Less			Interna	Agrii	FIIS	Tess:		Fina			